

Data-Driven Approach to Protecting Public Safety, Improving and Expanding Rehabilitative Treatment and Services, and Advancing Equity through Alternatives to Incarceration

Advisory Group Meeting

Meeting Agenda

- Introductions (4:00-4:15)
- Community Engagement Plan Feedback (4:15-4:30)
- Draft Community Survey Feedback (4:30-4:55)
- Jail Data Analysis to Date Feedback (4:55-5:15)
- Discussion of Public Comments and Other Comments from Advisory Group Members (5:15-5:30)



Guidelines for Virtual Advisory Group Meetings

- Meetings are open to the public and being recorded
- Only Advisory Group members and SANDAG staff will be able to speak due to the focus of these meetings
- If you would like to speak, please raise your hand. If you agree with what another member is saying, you can use other icons to share this approval.
- Please note that we value your opinions but may need to move conversations along to ensure all the meeting topics are covered.

ATI Advisory Group Member Introduction

Please share a little about yourself in one minute (your background and why you applied to be on the Advisory Group)

- Charlene Autolino
- Laila Aziz
- Lon Chhay
- Dr. Andrea Dauber-Griffin
- Manuel Enriquez
- Dr. Darwin Fishman
- Anthony Gonzales

- Betsy Jacobson
- Martin Leyva
- Niki Martinez
- Bill Payne
- Jackie Reed
- Wehtahnah Tucker
- Reginald Washington



Community Engagement Plan Feedback

4:15-4:30





Web Site, Email, and Social Media

www.sandag.org/ATIStudy

ATIStudy@sandag.org

Up-to-date information on the project posted

Ability to share comments and feedback at any time

SANDAG Updates on Facebook and Twitter

Adults

Alternatives to Incarceration

In December 2021, SANDAG responded to a Request for Proposals (RFP) from the County of San Diego entitled "Data-Drive Approach to Protecting Public Safety, Improving and Expanding Rehabilitative Treatment and Services, and Advancing Equity Through Alternatives to Incarceration." SANDAG was notified by the County that it was selected for this contract, pending successful negotiations.

The County of San Diego released this RFP with an interest of partnering with a research entity who would be able to compile data and work with stakeholders to conduct a data-driven approach to identifying the primary policy drivers of reduced incarceration rates during the period of the COVID-19 global pandemic.

As part of this effort, SANDAG will identify available data, analyze jail population changes, conduct a gap analysis related to services and supports, review best evidence-based practices, make recommendations that incorporate feedback from diverse groups, prepare a comprehensive fiscal analysis, and publish a series of written reports and updates.

Advisory Group

An important component of this project will be ongoing communication and collaboration with an Advisory Group to be formed in March 2022. Individuals interested in applying to be a member of this Advisory Group are asked to complete the application available under downloads and return it to SANDAG at ATIStudy@SANDAG.org.

Applications are due on Tuesday, March 15, 2022 at 5 p.m. PST.

Stay Informed

If you would like to be added to this project's email distribution list, or if you have questions, comments, or feedback regarding this study, contact ATIStudy@sandag.org.



Suggestions for How to Supplement this Engagement With Non-Technical Efforts

- Sharing information about the community survey and community forums through the County's libraries and parks/recreation departments
- Encouraging local community-based organizations to share information with their clients

Other?



Draft Community Survey Feedback

4:30-4:55

Draft Community Survey Feedback

- Three-week window to complete
- On-line or paper copies upon request
- English, Spanish, and other languages as requested
- Confidential and anonymous
- Not a random sample

Section A: Victimization, Perception of Crime and Public Safety

- Been a victim of a crime in the past 3 years (and if yes, what type)
- Any family members been a victim of a crime in the past 3 years (and if yes, what type)
- Were crimes reported to law enforcement and if not reported, why not
- Perception of crime going up, down, or staying the same
- Most significant concern regarding public safety in the region today

Section B: Personal Knowledge/Experience of Incarceration

- Personal experience incarcerated and/or family member experience of incarceration (most recent day of release for personal)
- Ratings of personal needs, receipt of services, how helpful and culturally competent services were
- Barriers to receiving services
- Effect of incarceration on employment
- Effect of incarceration on family

Types of Needs and Services Specified

B2. Please describe how great a need each of the following was at the time of your (most recent) incarceration. (Select one answer for each category)

	Significant	Somewhat	Not a	Not sure
	need	of a need	need	
Employment	1	2	3	4
Education	1	2	3	4
Housing	1	2	3	4
Substance abuse treatment	1	2	3	4
Mental health treatment	1	2	3	4
Medical health care	1	2	3	4
Transportation assistance	1	2	3	4
Basic necessities	1	2	3	4
Anger management	1	2	3	4
Mentorship	1	2	3	4
Other (Please specify)	1	2	3	4

Section C: Agreement with Other Public Safety Statements and Need for Change

	Strongly	Somewhat	Neither	Somewhat	Strongly
	Agree	Agree	Agree <u>or</u> Disagree	Disagree	Disagree
C1. The current system is not very effective at maintaining public safety.	1	2	3	4	5
C2. The current system <u>is able to</u> keep past offenders from reentering into the criminal justice system	1	2	3	4	5
C3. The current system is effective at punishing violent offenders and providing justice to victims of violent crime.	1	2	3	4	5
C4. The current system is not effective at producing and promoting equal opportunity and inclusion for people from all races, ethnicities, religions, genders, and income levels.	1	2	3	4	5
C5. The current system punishes people of color more without providing long-term solutions.	1	2	3	4	5
C6. The current system is effective at rehabilitating nonviolent offenders and preparing them for reentry to society.	1	2	3	4	5
C7. More emphasis should be placed on funding services for individuals in the community with justice system contact, rather than incarcerating them.	1	2	3	4	5

C7. What changes do you think need to be made to improve public safety in the San Diego region?

Section D: Demographic Characteristics and Final Comments

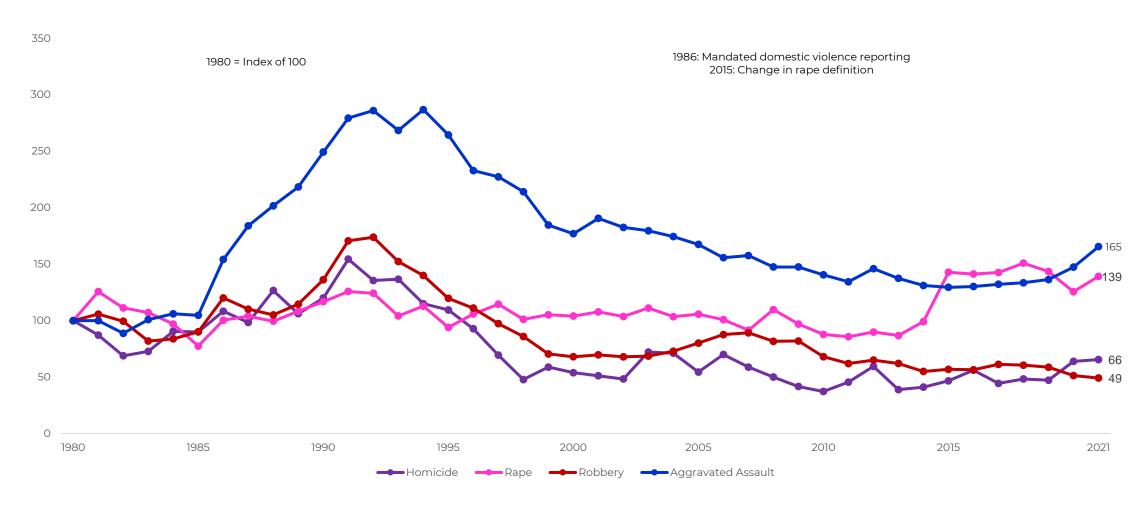
- Current resident and length of time living in San Diego County
- Primary language spoken at home
- Gender
- Race/Ethnicity
- Year of Birth
- Highest education level
- ZIP Code



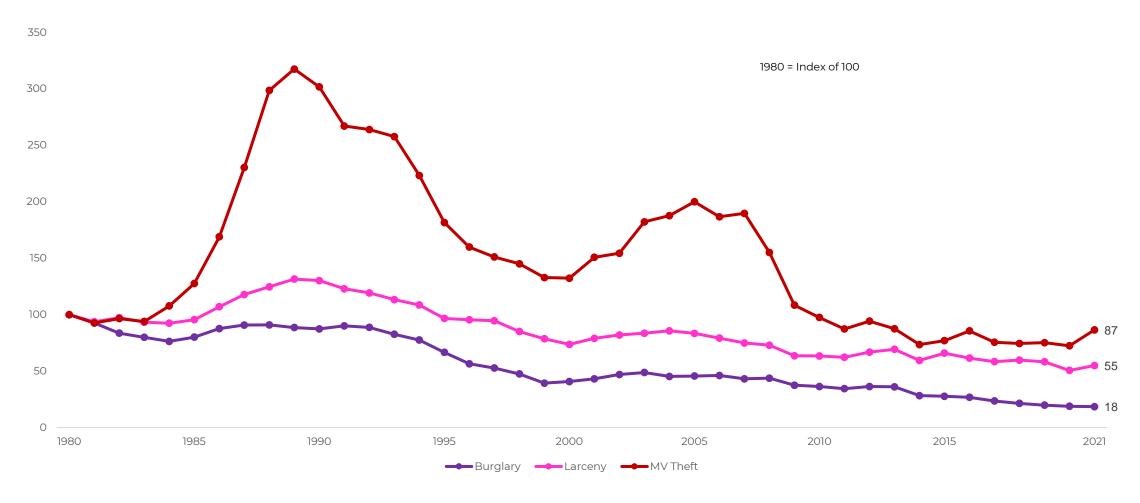
Primary Policy Drivers of Reduced Incarceration

- Stay-home orders
- Court closure and modified operations
- Early releases from local jails
- Zero bail and other bail policy changes
- Changes in who can be booked into jail
- Modifications to how probation supervision occurred and early release from probation
- Inability to transfer inmates to state prisons and hospitals

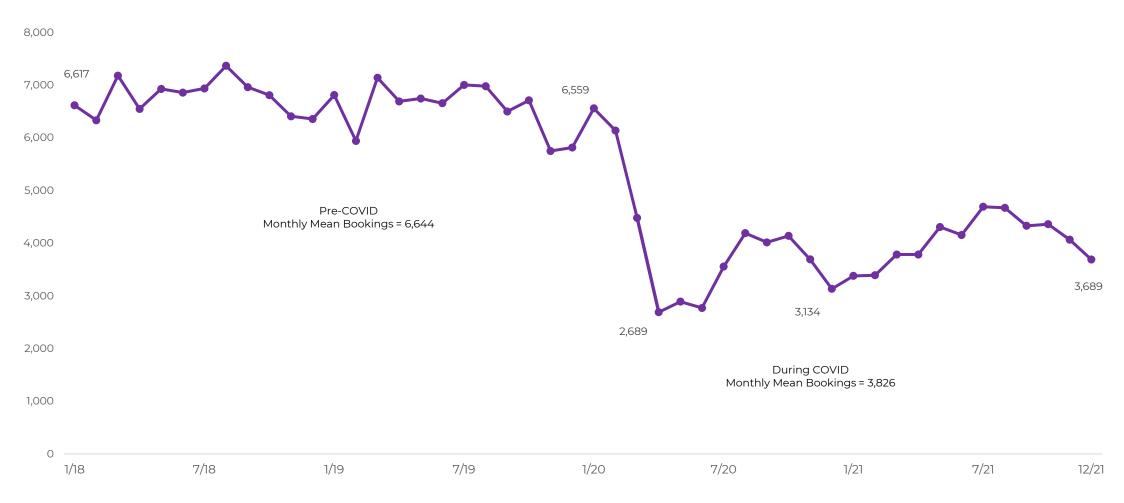
Violent Crime in the San Diego Region 1980-2021



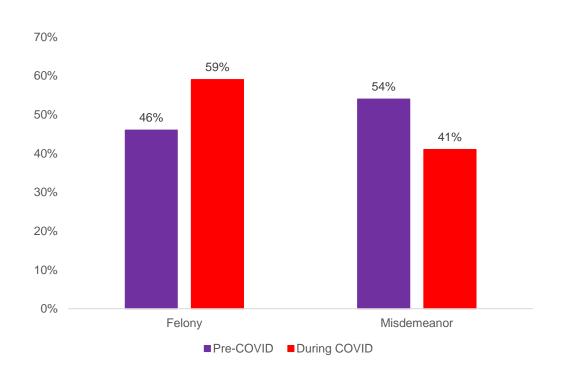
Property Crime in the San Diego Region 1980-2021

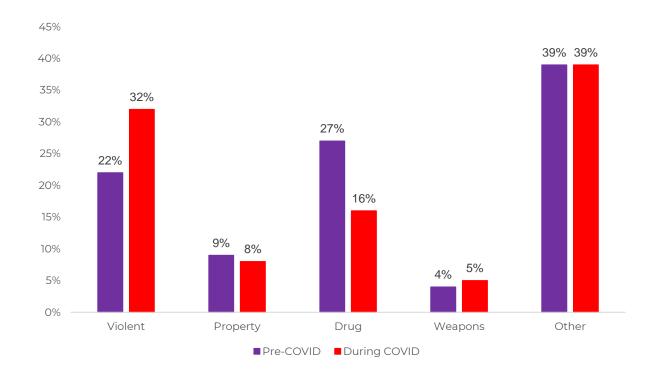


Jail Bookings By Month



Changes in Level and Type of Bookings Pre-COVID and During COVID



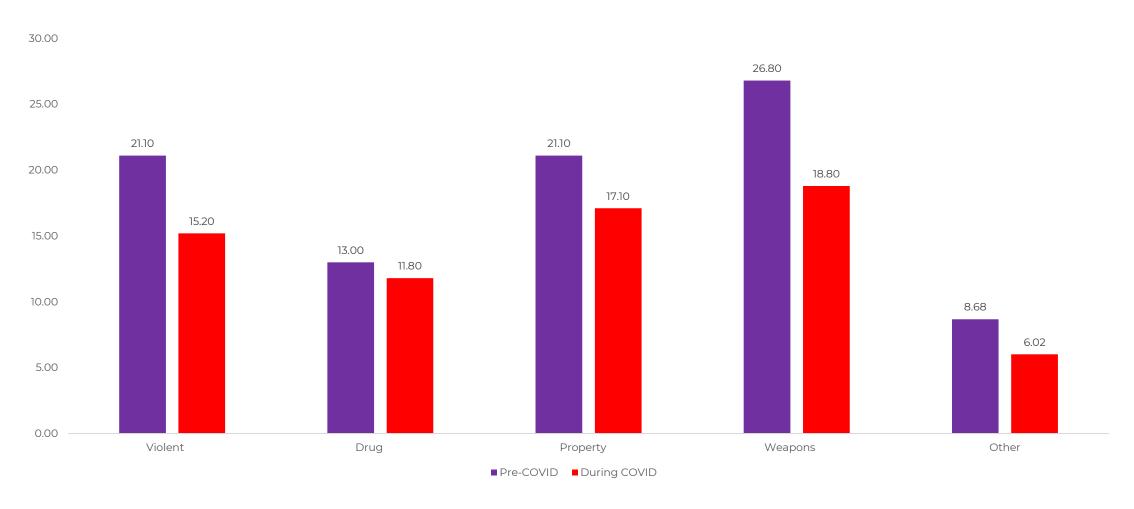


Characteristics of Individuals Booked into Jail

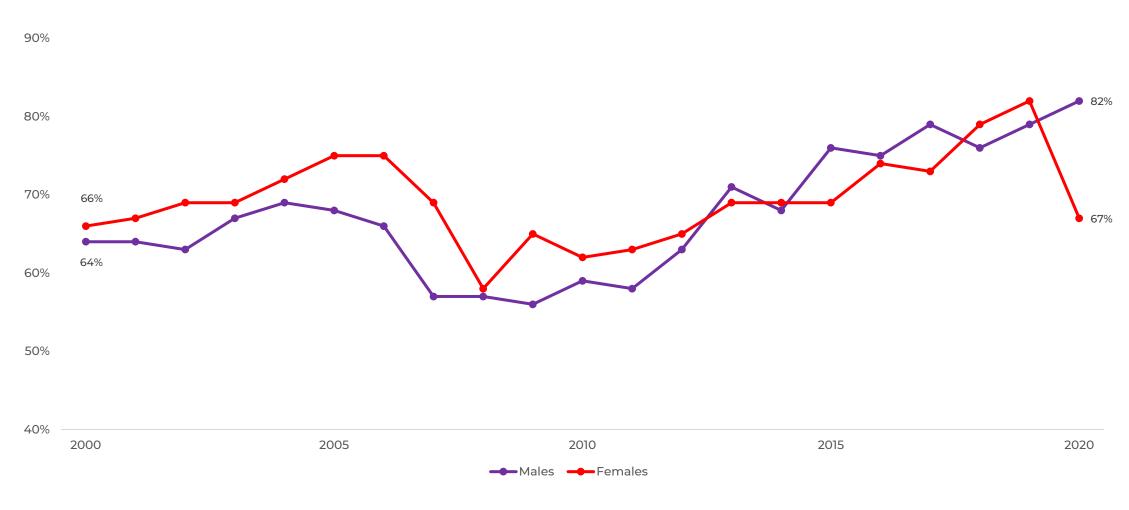
Table 4				
DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS OF INDIVIDUALS BOOKED INTO				
SAN DIEGO CONTY JAILS				

	Pre-COVID	During COVID		
Gender				
Male	75%	77%		
Female	25%	23%		
Age				
Mean (SD)	36.53	36.00		
Median	34.00	33.00		
Range	17 - 92	18-89		
Race/Ethnicity				
White	41%	37%		
Black	15%	16%		
Hispanic	38%	41%		
Asian/Pacific Islander	2%	2%		
Other	4%	4%		
SOURCE: SANDAG; San Diego County Multi-Agency Interface				

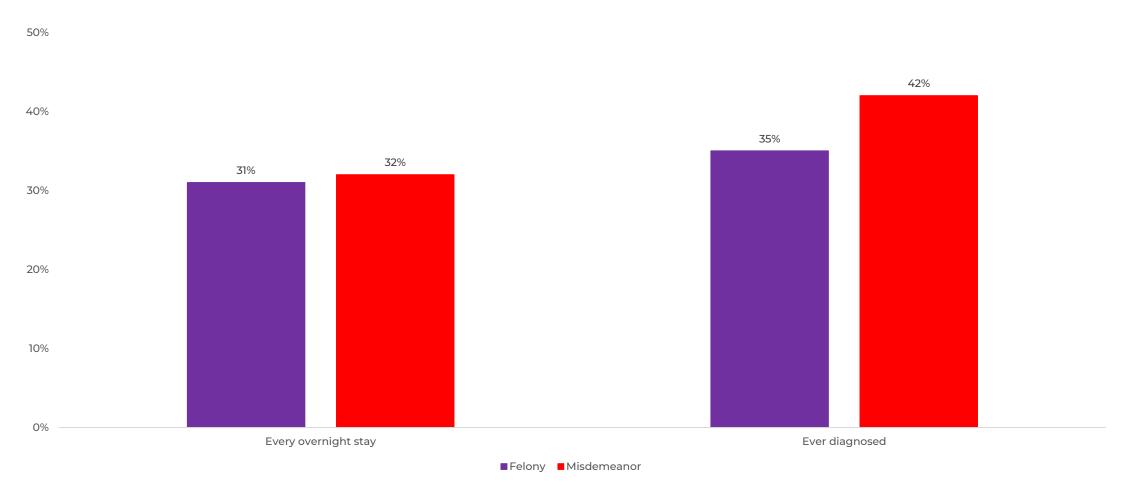
Mean Length of Stay (in days) and How it Has Varied



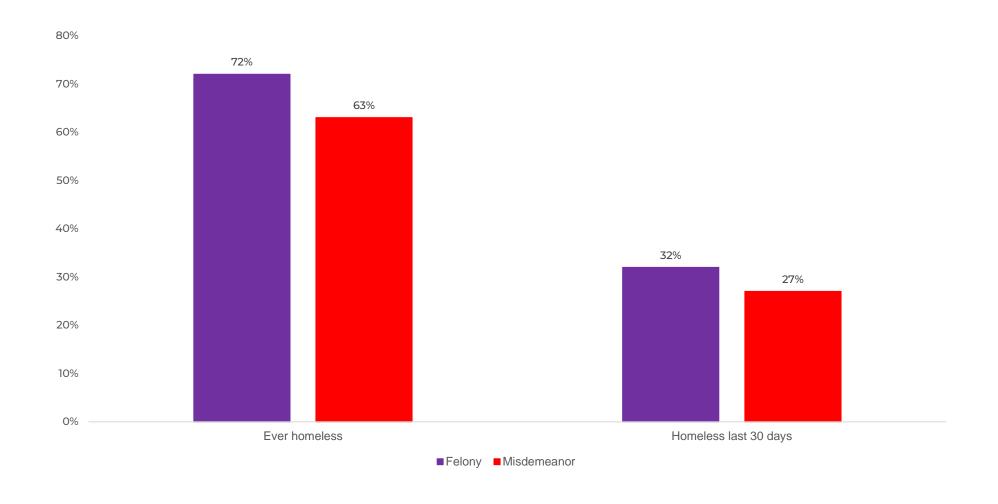
Percent of Substance Abuse Monitoring (SAM) Arrestees Positive for Any Drug



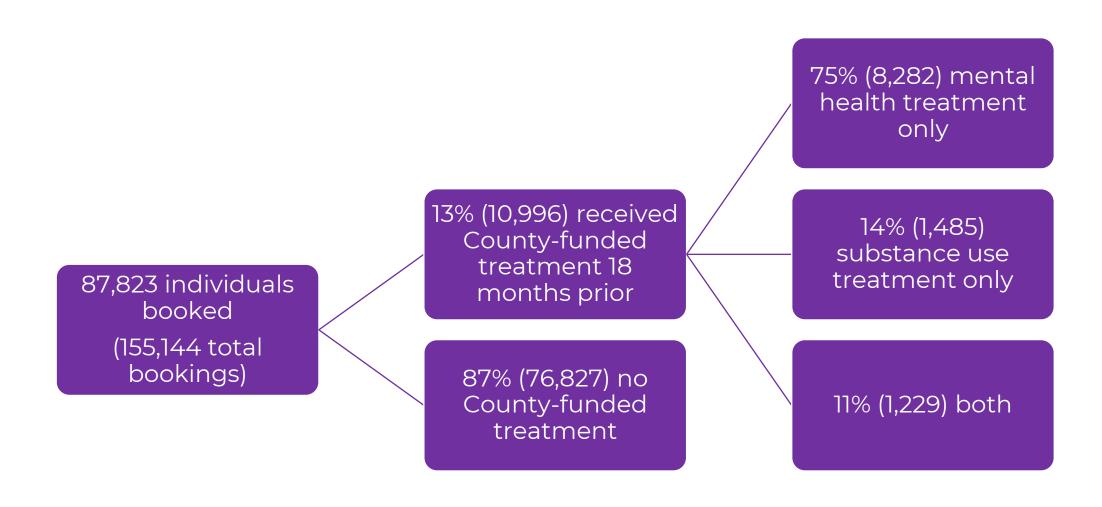
Percent of SAM Arrestees with a Mental Health History



Percent of SAM Arrestees with a History of Housing Instability



Receipt of County Funded Treatment 18 Months Prior to First Booking Pre-COVID



Receipt of County Funded Treatment 18 Months Prior to First Booking During COVID

32,456 individuals booked (100,804 total bookings) 21% (6,803) received County-funded treatment 18 months prior

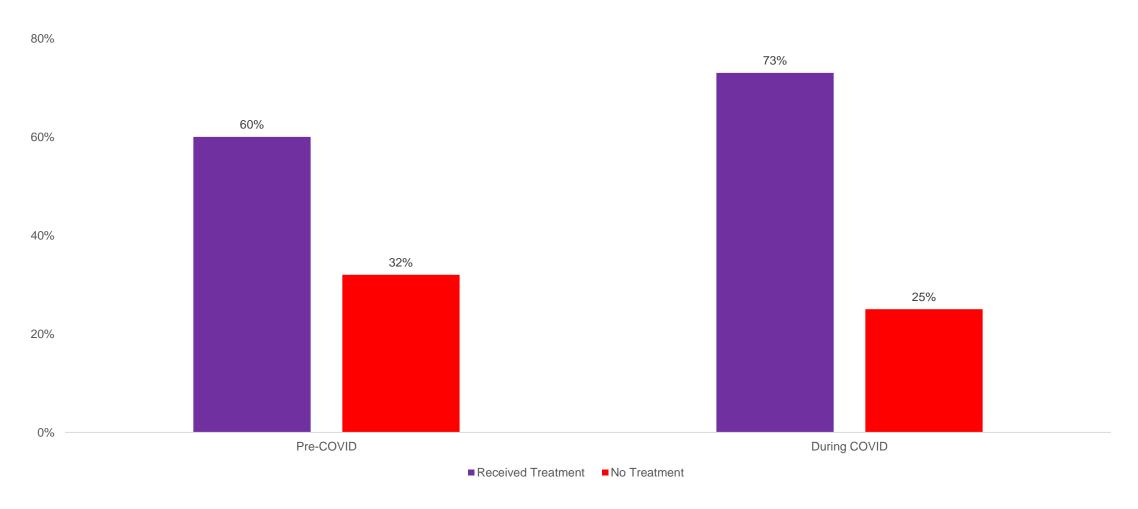
> 79% (25,653) no County-funded treatment

60% (4,077) mental health treatment only

> 24% (1,629) substance use treatment only

16% (1,097) both

Percent of Individuals with More Than One Booking





Discussion of Public Comments and Other Comments from Advisory Group Members

5:15-5:30

